



MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF THE NASOPHARYNX

RMA ID Number	Reference List for RMA063-2 as at February 2020
---------------	---

60126	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (1998). Toxicological Profile for Sulfur Trioxide and Sulfuric Acid. ATSDR, US Department of Health & Human Services. Public Health Service.
60260	Agency for Toxic Substances & Disease Registry (ATSDR) (2003). Toxicological Profile for Sulfur Mustard (Update), Department of Health & Human Services.
60125	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (2005). Toxicological Profile for Nickel. ATSDR, US Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service.
37754	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) (1998). Toxicological Profile for Chlorophenols, US Department of Health & Human Services.
35227	Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) (2001). Toxicological Profile for Asbestos. Department of Human Services, Public Health Service, Atlanta, GA.
4774	Ahlborg UG, Lipworth L, Titus-Ernstoff L, et al (1995). Organochlorine compounds in relation to breast cancer, endometrial cancer, and endometriosis: an assessment of the biological and epidemiological evidence. <i>Crit Rev Toxicol</i> , 25(6): 463-531.
91964	Ahmed HG, Suliman RS, Ashankty IM, et al (2018). Role of human Cytomegalovirus in the etiology of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>J Cancer Res Ther</i> , 14(3): 583-6.
55809	American Institute for Cancer Research (2007). Food, nutrition, physical activity and the prevention of cancer: a global perspective. World Cancer Research Fund International. IARC, Washington DC.
6855	Andersen A, Glattre E, Johansen BV (1993). Incidence of cancer among lighthouse keepers exposed to asbestos in drinking water. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 138(9): 682-7.
60269	Anderson, DM, Keith J, Novak PD (Lexicographers) (2010). Carcinoma. . Retrieved 12 August 2010, from http://www.dorlands.com/def.jsp?id=100017220
60268	Anderson, DM, Keith J, Novak PD (Lexicographers) (2010). Pars. Retrieved 12 August 2010, from http://www.dorlands.com/def.jsp?id=100079001
3753	Andrews PA, Michaels L (1965). Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma in Canadian Bush Pilots. <i>The Lancet</i> , ii: 85-7.
56681	Anonymous (2008). Draft toxicological profile for chromium. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, Altanta, Georgia.

91965	Arbak P, Baser I, Kumbasar O, et al (2014). Long term effects of tear gases on respiratory system: Analysis of 93 cases. <i>The Scientific World Journal</i> , 2014: 963638.
57800	Armstrong RW, Imrey PB, Lye MS, et al (1998). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Malaysian Chinese: salted fish and other dietary exposures. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 77: 228-35.
60286	Armstrong RW, Imrey PB, Lye MS, et al (2000). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Malaysian Chinese: occupational exposures to particles, formaldehyde and heat. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> , 29(6): 991-8.
91966	Arnold M, Wildeman MA, Visser O, et al (2013). Lower mortality from nasopharyngeal cancer in The Netherlands since 1970 with differential incidence trends in histopathology. <i>Oral Oncol</i> , 49(3): 237-43.
91464	Atchison EA, Gridley G, Carreon JD, et al (2011). Risk of cancer in a large cohort of U.S. veterans with diabetes. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 128(3): 635-43.
91967	Atighechi S, Ahmadpour Baghdadabad MR, Mirvakili SA, et al (2014). Human papilloma virus and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: pathology, prognosis, recurrence and mortality of the disease. <i>Exp Oncol</i> , 36(3): 215-6.
91898	ATSDR (2019). Draft. Toxicological Profile for Glyphosate, US Department of Health & Human Service.
57806	August M, Dodson TB, Nastri A, et al (2001). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma: clinical assessment and review of 176 cases. <i>Oral Surg Oral Med Oral Pathol Oral Radiol Endod</i> , 91: 205-14.
91968	Aussem A, de Moraes SR, Corbx M (2012). Analysis of nasopharyngeal carcinoma risk factors with Bayesian networks. <i>Artif Intell Med</i> , 54(1): 53-62.
7411	Austin H, Keil JE, Cole P (1989). A prospective follow-up study of cancer mortality in relation to serum DDT. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 79: 43-6.
3754	Author Unspecified (1965). Smoke and Nasopharyngeal Cancer. <i>The Lancet</i> , Oct. 23: 833-4.
58010	Baan R, Grosse Y, Straif K, et al (2009). A review of human carcinogens-Part F: Chemical agents and related occupations. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 10: 1143-4.
55669	Baan R, Straif K, Grosse Y, et al (2007). Carcinogenicity of alcoholic beverages. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 8(4): 292-3.
57828	Bachand AM, Mundt KA, Mundt DJ, et al (2010). Epidemiological studies of formaldehyde exposure and risk of leukemia and nasopharyngeal cancer: A meta-analysis. <i>Crit Rev Toxicol</i> , 40(2): 85-100.
91969	Beachler DC, Engels EA (2017). Chronic sinusitis and risk of head and neck cancer in the US elderly population. <i>JAMA Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 143(1): 25-31.
91970	Bidoli E, Pelucchi C, Polesel J, et al (2013). Fiber intake and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a case-control study. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> , 65(8): 1157-63.
7433	Biggar RJ (1990). Cancer in acquired Immunodeficiency syndrome: An epidemiological assessment. <i>Seminars in Oncology</i> , 17(3): 251-60.
6852	Birkeland SA, Storm HH, Lamm LU, et al (1995). Cancer risk after renal transplantation in the Nordic countries, 1964-1986. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 60: 183-9.
3755	Blair A, et al (1993). Epidemiological Evidence on the Relationship Between Formaldehyde Exposure and Cancer. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health</i> , 16: 381-93.
57798	Blair A, Kazerouni N (1997). Reactive chemicals and cancer. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 8: 473-90.

3772	Blair A, Stewart PA, Hoover RN, et al (1987). [Comments] Cancers of the Nasopharynx and Oropharynx and Formaldehyde exposure. <i>JNCI</i> , 78(1): 191-3.
57797	Boffetta P, Hecht S, Gray N, et al (2008). Smokeless tobacco and cancer. <i>Lancet</i> , 9: 667-75.
57794	Bonnet F, Chene G (2008). Evolving epidemiology of malignancies in HIV. <i>Curr Opin Oncol</i> , 20: 534-50.
53817	Bosetti C, McLaughlin JK, Tarone RE, et al (2008). Formaldehyde and cancer risk: a quantitative review of cohort studies through 2006. <i>Ann Oncol</i> , 19: 29-43.
55666	Bouvard V, Baan R, Straif K, et al (2009). A review of human carcinogens - part B: biological agents. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 10(4): 321-2.
60267	Bray F, Haugen M, Moger TA, et al (2008). Age-incidence curves of nasopharyngeal carcinoma worldwide: bimodality in low-risk populations and aetiological implications. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 17(9): 2356-65.
3756	Brennan JA, Boyle JO, Koch WM, et al (1995). Association Between Cigarette Smoking and Mutation of the p53 Gene in Squamous-Cell Carcinoma of the Head and Neck. <i>NEJM</i> , 332(11): 712-7.
7407	Brown DP (1992). Mortality of workers employed at organochlorine pesticide manufacturing plants - an update. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, & Environmental Health</i> , 18: 155-61.
91971	Burra P, Rodreguez-Castro KI (2015). Neoplastic disease after liver transplantation: Focus on de novo neoplasms. <i>World J Gastroenterol</i> , 21(29): 8753.
5085	Cantor KP, Booze CF (1991). Mortality among aerial pesticide applicators and flight instructors: A reprint. <i>Arch Environ Health</i> , 46(21): 110-6.
91972	Cao SM, Simons MJ, Qian CN (2011). The prevalence and prevention of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in China. <i>Chin J Cancer</i> , 30(2): 114-9.
60265	Carbone A, Dolcetti R, Shahar AR, et al (2010). What's new in the biology and treatment of undifferentiated carcinoma of nasopharyngeal type? <i>Acta Otolaryngol</i> , 121: 884-95.
91973	Carioli G, Negri E, Kawakita D, et al (2017). Global trends in nasopharyngeal cancer mortality since 1970 and predictions for 2020: Focus on low-risk areas. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 140(10): 2256-64.
67321	Chakroun A, Guigay J, Lusinchi A, et al (2011). Paraneoplastic dermatomyositis accompanying nasopharyngeal carcinoma: diagnosis, treatment and prognosis. <i>Eur Ann Otorhinolaryngol Head Neck Dis</i> , 128(3): 127-31.
60264	Chan AT, Teo PM, Johnson PJ (2002). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Ann Oncol</i> , 13: 1007-15.
3757	Chan SH (1990). Aetiology of Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma. <i>Annals of the Academy of Medicine, Singapore</i> , 19(2): 201-7.
3758	Chan SH, Chew TS, Kunaratnam M (1979). Cell-Mediated Immunity to Epstein-Barr Virus in Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma. <i>The Lancet</i> , April 21: 884-5.
60266	Chang ET, Adami HO (2006). The enigmatic epidemiology of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 15(10): 1765-77.
91974	Chang ET, Liu Z, Hildesheim A, et al (2017). Active and passive smoking and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A population-based case-control study in Southern China. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 185(12): 1272-80.
57870	Chelleng PK, Narain K, Das HK, et al (2000). Risk factors for cancer nasopharynx: a case-control study from Nagaland, India. <i>Nat Med J India</i> , 13(1): 6--8.

57793	Chen DL, Huang TB (1997). A case-control study of risk factors of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 117: 17-22.
57791	Chen L, Gallicchio L, Boyd-Lindsley K, et al (2009). Alcohol consumption and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a systematic review. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> , 61(1): 1-15.
60263	Chen LF, Vokes EE (2010). Head and Neck Cancer. <i>ACP Medicine</i> , Section 12. Chapter XVIII. Scientific American Inc, New York.
91975	Chen YP, Zhao BC, Chen C, et al (2016). Alcohol drinking as an unfavorable prognostic factor for male patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 6: 19290.
7176	Cheng W, Kong J (1992). A retrospective mortality cohort study of chrysotile asbestos products workers in Tianjin 1972-1987. <i>Environ Res</i> , 59: 271-8.
57801	Cheng YJ, Hildesheim A, Hsu MM, et al (1999). Cigarette smoking, alcohol consumption and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Taiwan. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 10: 201-7.
60287	Chien YC, Chen JY, Liu MY, et al (2001). Serologic markers of Epstein-Barr virus infection and nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Taiwanese men. <i>N Engl J Med</i> , 345(26): 1877-82.
3783	Chow WH, McLaughlin JK, Hrubec Z, et al (1993). Tobacco use and nasopharyngeal carcinoma in a cohort study of US Veterans. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 55: 538-40.
91976	Chua ML, Wee JT, Hui EP, et al (2016). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Lancet</i> , 387(10022): 1012-24.
91977	Chung SD, Wu CS, Lin HC, et al (2014). Association between allergic rhinitis and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a population-based study. <i>Laryngoscope</i> , 124(8): 1744-9.
74221	Coggon D, Ntani G, Harris EC, et al (2014). Upper airway cancer, myeloid leukemia, and other cancers in a cohort of British chemical workers exposed to formaldehyde. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 179(11): 1301-11.
56057	Collins JJ, Bodner K, Aylward LL, et al (2009). Mortality rates among workers exposed to dioxins in the manufacture of pentachlorophenol. <i>J Occup Environ Med</i> , 51: 1212-9.
57309	Collins JJ, Bodner K, Aylward LL, et al (2009). Mortality rates among trichlorophenol workers with exposure to 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 170(4): 501-6.
78303	Committee on Gulf War and Health (2016). Gulf War and Health. Update of Health Effects of Serving in the Gulf War, Vol 10. National Academies Press - Washington, DC.
5879	Committee to Survey the Health Effects of Mustard Gas and Lewisite (1993). Relationship of Mustard Agent and Lewisite Exposure to Carcinogenesis; Summary of Findings and Recommendations. CM Pechura, DP Rall (Eds). <i>Veterans at Risk: The Health Effects of Mustard Gas and Lewisite</i> , Chapters 6 and 12: 81-111, 215-225. National Academy Press, Washington, D.C.
52243	Cooper GS, Jones S (2008). Pentachlorophenol and cancer risk: focusing the lens on specific chlorophenols and contaminants. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> , 116(8): 1001-8.
71063	Daniels RD, Kubale TL, Yiin JH, et al (2013). Mortality and cancer incidence in a pooled cohort of US firefighters from San Francisco, Chicago and Philadelphia (1950-2009). <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 71(6): 388-97 + supplementary data.
82334	Davis FG, Yu KL, Preston D, et al (2015). Solid cancer incidence in the Techa River incident cohort: 1956-2007. <i>Radiation Res</i> , 18(1): 56-65.
92015	De Carvalho M, Dourado MF, Fernandes IB, et al (2015). Head and neck cancer among marijuana users: a meta-analysis of matched case-control studies. <i>Arch Oral Biol</i> , 60(12): 1750-5.

92023	de Oliveira D, Muller-Coan BG, Pagano JS (2016). Viral carcinogenesis beyond malignant transformation: EBV in the progression of human cancers. <i>Trends in Microbiology</i> , 24(8): 649-64.
3759	Decker J, Goldstein JC (1982). Risk factors in Head and Neck Cancer. <i>NEJM</i> , 306(19): 1151-4.
4597	Demers PA, Boffetta P, Kogevinas M, et al (1995). Pooled reanalysis of cancer mortality among five cohorts of workers in wood-related industries. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health</i> , 21(3): 179-90.
50742	Demers PA, Davies HW, Friesen MC, et al (2006). Cancer and occupational exposure to pentachlorophenol and tetrachlorophenol (Canada). <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 17: 749-58.
92016	Di Maso M, Bosetti C, La Vecchia C, et al (2015). Regular aspirin use and nasopharyngeal cancer risk: A case-control study in Italy. <i>Cancer Epidemiol</i> , 39(4): 545-7.
11465	Dietz A, Senneweld E, Maier H (1995). Indoor air pollution by emissions of fossil fuel single stoves: possibly a hitherto underrated risk factor in the development of carcinomas in the head and neck. <i>Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 112(2): 308-15.
92017	Dimitroglou Y, Rachiotis G, Hadjichristodoulou C (2015). Exposure to the riot control agent CS and potential health effects: a systematic review of the evidence. <i>Int J Environ Res Public Health</i> , 12(2): 1397-411.
5002	Doe JE, Paddle GM (1994). The evaluation of carcinogenic risk to humans: Occupational exposures in the spraying and application of insecticides. <i>Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology</i> , 19: 297-308.
92018	Dogan S, Hedberg ML, Ferris RL, et al (2014). Human papillomavirus and Epstein-Barr virus in nasopharyngeal carcinoma in a low-incidence population. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 36(4): 511-6.
6815	Doll R (1996). Some cancers weakly associated to smoking. In press, British Medical Bulletin. Articles supplied RMA Consensus Conference, February 1996.
7627	Doll R, Peto J (1987). Other asbestos-related neoplasms. <i>Asbestos-Related Malignancy</i> , Chapter 4: 81-98. Grunet Stratton, Orlando, Florida.
92019	Du XJ, Tang LL, Mao YP, et al (2015). Value of the prognostic nutritional index and weight loss in predicting metastasis and long-term mortality in nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>J Translational Med</i> , 13: 364.
57813	Duhayon S, Hoet P, Van Maele-Fabry G, et al (2008). Carcinogenic potential of formaldehyde in occupational settings: a critical assessment and possible impact on occupational exposure levels. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health</i> , 81: 695-710.
5023	Easton DF, Peto J, Doll R (1988). Cancers of the respiratory tract in mustard gas workers. <i>Br J Ind Med</i> , 45: 652-9.
92020	Edefonti V, Nicolussi F, Polesel J, et al (2015). Nutrient-based dietary patterns and nasopharyngeal cancer: evidence from an exploratory factor analysis. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 112(3): 446-54.
92021	Egeli T, Unek T, Ozbilgin M, et al (2019). De novo malignancies after liver transplantation: A single institution experience. <i>Exp Clin Transplant</i> , 17(1): 74-8.
92022	Ekpanyaskul C, Sangrajrang S, Ekburanawat W, et al (2015). Semi-quantitative exposure assessment of occupational exposure to wood dust and nasopharyngeal cancer risk. <i>Asian Pac J Cancer Prev</i> , 16(10): 4339-45.
53872	El Ghissassi F, Baan R, Straif K, et al (2009). A review of human carcinogens - Part D: radiation. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 10(8): 751-2.
74224	Engels EA, Pfeiffer RM, Fraumeni JF (2011). Spectrum of cancer risk among U.S. solid organ transplant recipients: The transplant cancer match study. <i>JAMA</i> , 306(17): 1891-1901.

4296	Enterline PE, et al (1987). Asbestos and cancer: a cohort followed up to death. <i>British Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 44: 396-401.
92024	Erasmus T, Daniller T, Goedhals J, et al (2013). The histology of nasopharyngeal masses: a comparison between HIV positive and HIV negative patients. <i>Eur Arch Otorhinolaryngol</i> , 270(2): 755-9.
92025	Fachiroh J, Sangrajrang S, Johansson M, et al (2012). Tobacco consumption and genetic susceptibility to nasopharyngeal carcinoma (NPC) in Thailand. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 23(12): 1995-2002.
92026	Fan HC, Chen CY, Hsu YC, et al (2018). Increased risk of incident nasopharyngeal carcinoma with exposure to air pollution. <i>PLoS One</i> , 13(9): e0204568.
92027	Fang CY, Wu CC, Hsu HY, et al (2015). EGCG inhibits proliferation, invasiveness and tumor growth by up-regulation of adhesion molecules, suppression of gelatinases activity, and induction of apoptosis in nasopharyngeal carcinoma cells. <i>Int J Mol Sci</i> , 16(2): 2530-58.
92028	Fang YF, Wu YJ, Kuo CF, et al (2016). Malignancy in dermatomyositis and polymyositis: analysis of 192 patients. <i>Clin Rheumatol</i> , 35(8): 1977-84.
57799	Farrow DC, Vaughan TL, Berwick M, et al (1998). Diet and nasopharyngeal cancer in a low-risk population. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 78: 675-9.
57815	Feng BJ, Jalbout M, Ayoub WB, et al (2007). Dietary risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Maghrebian countries. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 121: 1550-5.
57814	Feng B-J, Khyatti M, Ben-Ayoub W, et al (2009). Cannabis, tobacco and domestic fumes intake are associated with nasopharyngeal carcinoma in North Africa. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 101: 1207-12.
92029	Fraunfelder FT (2000). Is CS gas dangerous? Current evidence suggests not but unanswered questions remain. <i>BMJ</i> , 320: 458-9.
58185	Friborg JT, Yuan J-M, Wang R, et al (2007). A prospective study of tobacco and alcohol use as risk factors for pharyngeal carcinomas in Singapore Chinese. <i>Cancer</i> , 109: 1183-91.
92030	Friborg JT, Yuan JM, Wang R, et al (2008). Incense use and respiratory tract carcinomas: a prospective cohort study. <i>Cancer</i> , 113(7): 1676-84.
57811	Gallicchio L, Matanoski G, Tao X, et al (2006). Adulthood consumption of preserved and nonpreserved vegetables and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a systematic review. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 119: 1125-35.
7011	Gallimore AP (1995). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Clinical Oncology</i> , 7: 388-93.
92031	Gaudet MM, Kitahara CM, Newton CC, et al (2015). Anthropometry and head and neck cancer: a pooled analysis of cohort data. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> , 44(2): 673-81.
3760	Geddes M, Balzi D, Buiatti E (1993). Nasopharynx Cancer in Italian Migrants. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 4: 111-6.
57810	Gerein V, Rastoguev E, Gerein J, et al (2005). Incidence, age at onset, and potential reasons of malignant transformation in recurrent respiratory papillomatosis patients: 20 years experience. <i>Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 132: 392-4.
92032	Ghosh SK, Singh AS, Mondal R, et al (2014). Dysfunction of mitochondria due to environmental carcinogens in nasopharyngeal carcinoma in the ethnic group of Northeast Indian population. <i>Tumor Biol</i> , 35: 6715-24.
6902	Giaroli C, Belli S, Bruno C, et al (1994). Mortality study of asbestos cement workers. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health</i> , 66: 7-11.
89348	Glass D, Del Monaco A, Pircher S, et al (2017). Mortality and cancer incidence among male volunteer Australian firefighters. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 74(9): 628-38.

89357	Glass DC, Pircher S, Del Monaco A, et al (2016). Mortality and cancer incidence in a cohort of male paid Australian firefighters. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 73(11): 761-71.
13083	Golden AL, Markowitz SB, Landrigan PJ (1995). The risk of cancer in firefighters. <i>Occup Med</i> , 10(4): 803-20.
92033	Golden R (2011). Identifying an indoor air exposure limit for formaldehyde considering both irritation and cancer hazards. <i>Crit Rev Toxicol</i> , 41(8): 672-721.
92034	Gooi Z, Richmon J, Afrawal N, et al (2017). AHNS Series - Do you know your guidelines? Principles of treatment for nasopharyngeal cancer: A review of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network guidelines. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 39(2): 201-5.
82342	Grant EJ, Brenner A, Sugiyama H, et al (2017). Solid cancer incidence among the life span study of atomic bomb survivors: 1958 - 2009. <i>Radiation Research</i> , 187(5): 513-37.
92035	Greiser EM, Greiser KH, Ahrens W, et al (2012). Risk factors for nasal malignancies in German men: the South-German nasal cancer study. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 12: 506.
27874	Grulich AE, Li Y, McDonald A, et al (2002). Rates of non-AIDS-defining cancers in people with HIV infection before and after AIDS diagnosis. <i>AIDS</i> , 16(8): 1155-61.
83167	Grulich AE, Vajdic CM (2015). The epidemiology of cancers in human immunodeficiency virus infection and after organ transplantation. <i>Semin Oncol</i> , 42(2): 247-57.
25531	Grulich AE, Wan X, Law MG, et al (1999). Risk of cancer in people with AIDS. <i>AIDS</i> , 13(7): 839-43.
72440	Guidotti TL (2014). Health risks and occupation as a firefighter. Medical Advisory Services. Department of Veterans' Affairs, Commonwealth of Australia.
57816	Guo X, Johnson RC, Deng H, et al (2009). Evaluation of nonviral risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in a high-risk population of Southern China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 124: 2942-7.
92036	Haar RJ, Iacopino V, Ranadive N, et al (2017). Health impacts of chemical irritants used for crowd control: a systematic review of the injuries and deaths caused by tear gas and pepper spray. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 17: 831.
60273	Haines GK (2009). Pathology of head and neck neoplasms. Retrieved 21 March 2011, from http://www.uptodateonline.com/online/content/topic.do?topicKey=head_c_an/13519&
3761	Harabuchi Y, Yamanaka N, Kataura A, et al (1990). Epstein-Barr Virus in Nasal T-Cell Lymphomas in Patients with Lethal Midline Granuloma. <i>Lancet</i> , 335: 128-30.
58339	Hashibe M, Straif K, Tashkin DP, et al (2005). Epidemiologic review of marijuana use and cancer risk. <i>Alcohol</i> , 35: 265-75.
92039	HE JM, Pang XL, Liang HJ (2015). Paraneoplastic dermatomyositis accompanying nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Chin Med Sci J</i> , 30(3): 196-8.
92038	He YQ, Xue WQ, Shen GP, et al (2015). Household inhalants exposure and nasopharyngeal carcinoma risk: a large-scale case-control study in Guangdong, China. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 15: 1022.
92037	He YQ, Xue WQ, Xu FH, et al (2018). The relationship between environmental factors and the profile of Epstein-Barr virus antibodies in the lytic and latent infection periods in healthy populations from endemic and non-endemic nasopharyngeal carcinoma areas in China. <i>EbioMedicine</i> , 30: 184-91.
3762	Henderson BE, Louie E, SooHoo Jing J, et al (1976). Risk factors Associated with Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma. <i>NEJM</i> , 295(20): 1101-6.

7415	Higginson J (1985). DDT: Epidemiological evidence. IARC Scientific Publications, 65: 107-17.
57818	Hila L, Farah F, Ayari H, et al (2009). Epidemiological study, immunohistochemistry and in situ hybridization studies of nasopharyngeal carcinomas: A Tunisian report. <i>Pathol Biol (Paris)</i> , 57: 427-9.
6736	Hildesheim A, Levine PH (1993). Etiology of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A review. <i>Epidemiol Rev</i> , 15(2): 466-85.
60289	Ho C-K, Lo WC, Huang PH, et al (1999). Suspected nasopharyngeal carcinoma in three workers with long-term exposure to sulphuric acid vapour. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 56: 426-28.
14595	Hooiveld M, Heederik DJ, Kogevinas M, et al (1998). Second follow-up of a Dutch cohort occupationally exposed to phenoxy herbicides, chlorophenols, and contaminants. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 147(9): 891-901.
60127	Hsu WL, Chen JY, Chien YC, et al (2009). Independent effect of EBV and cigarette smoking on nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a 20-year follow-up study on 9,622 males without family history in Taiwan. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 18(4): 1218-26.
92040	Hsu WL, Pan WH, Chien YC, et al (2012). Lowered risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma an intake of plant vitamin, fresh fish, green tea and coffee: A case-control study in Taiwan. <i>PLoS One</i> , 7(7): e41779.
57817	Huang CC, Chang PH, Lee TJ, et al (2009). Preirradiation sinus mucosal disease in patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Am J Otol</i> , 30(5): 300-4.
92184	Huang PY, Want CT, Cao KJ, et al (2013). Pretreatment body mass index as an independent prognostic factor in patients with locoregionally advanced nasopharyngeal carcinoma treated with chemoradiotherapy: Findings from a randomised trial. <i>Eur J Cancer</i> , 49(8): 1923-31.
92183	Huang PY, Zhong ZL, Luo DH, et al (2014). Paired study of 172 cases of nasopharyngeal carcinoma with or without dermatomyositis. <i>Acta Otolaryngol</i> , 134(8): 824-30.
92185	Hui EP, Chan AT (2018). Epidemiology, etiology, and diagnosis of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Retrieved 24 January 2019, from https://www.uptodate.com/contents/epidemiology-etiology-and-diagnosis-of-nasopharyngeal-carcinoma/print?
92189	Hui EP, Chan AT, Le Q (2018). Treatment of early and locoregionally advanced nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Retrieved 21 August 2019, from https://www.uptodate.com/contents/treatment-of-early-and-locoregionally-advanced-nasopharyngeal-carcinoma/contributors
60270	Hui EP, Chan AT (2010). Epidemiology, etiology, and diagnosis of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Retrieved 15 June 2010, from http://www.uptodateonline.com/online/content/topic.do?topicKey=head_c_an/8214&vi
60271	Hui EP, Chan ATC, Le Q-T (2010). Treatment of locoregional nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Retrieved 15 June 2010, from http://www.uptodateonline.com/online/content/topic.do?topicKey=head_c_an/12745&
60272	Hui EP, Chan ATC, Le Q-T (2010). Treatment of recurrent and metastatic nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Retrieved 15 June 2010, from http://www.uptodateonline.com/online/content/topic.do?topicKey=head_c_an/15956&
92191	Hung SH, Chen PY, Lin HC, et al (2014). Association of rhinosinusitis with nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A population-based study. <i>Laryngoscope</i> , 124(7): 1515-20.
92192	Hwang SL, Guo HR, Hsieh WA, et al (2006). Cancer risks in a population with prolonged low dose-rate γ -radiation exposure in radiocontaminated buildings, 1983 - 2002. <i>Int J Radiat Bio</i> , 82(12): 849-58.

30601	IARC (1990). Chromium, nickel and welding. IARC monographs on the evaluation of carcinogenic risks to humans, Vol 49.
7438	IARC (1990). IARC Monographs on the evaluation of carcinogenic risks to humans. Occupational exposures in insecticide application, and some pesticides, 53: 179-249.
35436	IARC (2004). Betel-quid and Areca-nut Chewing and Some Areca-nut-derived Nitrosamines. IARC Monographs, Vol 85. IARC, Lyon, France.
32051	IARC (2004). Tobacco smoke and involuntary smoking. IARC monographs on the evaluation of carcinogenic risks to humans, Vol 83. IARC Press, Lyon.
47028	IARC (2005). Human papillomaviruses. IARC monographs on the evaluation of carcinogenic risks to humans, Vol 90.
67127	IARC (2012). Arsenic, metals, fibres, and dusts: asbestos. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 100C. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
92207	IARC (2014). World cancer report, IARC Press, Lyon.
30602	IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) (1999). Re-evaluation of some organic chemicals, hydrazine and hydrogen peroxide (Part Two). Overall Evaluations of Carcinogenicity Risks to Humans, Vol 71: Part 2. IARC, Lyon, France.
92431	IARC Monograph (2012). A Review of Human Carcinogens. Part E: Personal Habits and Indoor Combustions. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 100. World Health Organization, International Agency on Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
76681	IARC Monographs (2013). Non-Ionizing Radiation, Part 2 - Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. IARC Monogr Carcinog risks Humans, Vol 102. International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon.
76680	IARC Monographs (2013). Polychlorinated and polybrominated biphenyls. IARC Monogr Carcinog risks Humans, Vol 107. World Health Organization.
92433	IARC Monographs (2016). Outdoor Air Pollution. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 109. World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
77040	IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks to humans (2010). Carbon black, titanium dioxide, and talc. World Health Organization, Vol 93.
89043	IARC Working Group (2014). Some organophosphate insecticides and herbicides. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 112. International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon.
91947	IARC Working Group (2018). Red meat and processed meat. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 114. World Health Organization.
60284	IARC Working Group (2010). Alcohol consumption and ethyl carbamate. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 96. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
91622	IARC Working Group (2018). DDT, Lindane, and 2,4-D. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 113. International Agency for Research on Cancer.
71191	IARC Working Group (2010). Painting firefighting, and shiftwork. IARC Monogr Carcinog Risks Humans, Vol 98. World Health Organization.
71527	IARC Working Group (2012). Diesel and gasoline engine exhausts and some nitroarenes. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 105. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.

92195	IARC Working Group (2017). Some chemicals used as solvents. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 110. World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
60195	IARC Working Group (2010). Painting, Firefighting, and Shiftwork. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 98. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
60298	IARC Working Group (2010). Household use of solid fuels and high-temperature frying. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 95. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
91943	IARC Working Group (2018). Benzene. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, 120. World Health Organization.
71545	IARC Working Group (2013). Air pollution and cancer. K Straif, A Cohen, J Samet (Eds). IARC Sci Pub, Pub 161, International Agency for Research on Cancer World Health Organization.
70162	IARC Working Group (2009). Personal habits and indoor combustions. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 100E. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
92200	IARC Working Group (2018). Some industrial chemicals. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 115. World Health Organization , International Agency on Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
68411	IARC Working Group (2009). Biological agents. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, 100B. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
73356	IARC Working Group (2012). Trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, and some chlorinated agents. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 106. World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
92206	IARC Working Group (2018). Welding, molybdenum trioxide, indium tin oxide. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 118. World Health Organization , International Agency on Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
60299	IARC Working Group (1987). Overall evaluations of carcinogenicity: an updating of IARC Monographs - Vol 1 to 42. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Supplement 7: 269-71. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
92193	IARC Working Group (2018). Drinking coffee, mate and very hot beverages. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 116. World Health Organization, International Agency on Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
92194	IARC Working Group (2019). Pentachlorophenol and Some Related Compounds. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 17. World Health Organization, International Agency on Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
91923	IARC Working Group (2015). Outdoor air pollution. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 109. World Health Organization.

70163	IARC Working Group (2011). Bitumens and bitumen emissions, and some N- and S-heterocyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 103. World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
68409	IARC Working group (2012). Chemical agents and related occupations. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 100F. World Health Organization, international Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
71192	IARC Working Group (2012). Radiation. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 100D. World Health Organization International Agency for Research on Cancer. Lyon France.
60275	IARC Working Group on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans (2006). Formaldehyde, 2-Butoxyethanol and 1-tert-Butoxypropan-2-ol. IARC Monographs, Volume 88. World Health Organization, Internation Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon France.
84800	IARC Working Party (2016). Some drugs and herbal products. IARC Monographs, Vol 108. IARC Press, Lyon.
57796	Innos K, Rahu M, Rahu K, et al (2000). Wood dust exposure and cancer incidence: a retrospective cohort study of furniture workers in Estonia. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> , 37: 501-11.
31027	Institute of Medicine (IOM) (2003). Insecticides and solvents. Gulf War and Health, Vol 2. National Academies Press - Washington, DC.
35328	Institute of Medicine (1993). Veterans at Risk: The Health Effects of Mustard Gas and Lewisite, National Academy Press, Washington, DC.
56717	Institute of Medicine (2009). Committee to review the health effects in Vietnam veterans of exposure to herbicides. Veterans and Agent Orange Update 2008, Seventh biennial update, The National Academies Press, Washington DC.
37570	Institute of Medicine (US) (2005). Fuels, combustion products, and propellants. Gulf War and Health, Vol 3. National Academies Press (Washington, DC).
37568	International Agency for Research on Cancer (2002). Some traditional herbal medicines, some mycotoxins, naphthalene and styrene. IARC Monographs, Vol 82. IARC Press, Lyon, France.
30599	International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) (1999). Re-evaluation of some organic chemicals, hydrazine and hydrogen peroxide. Overall Evaluations of Carcinogenicity Risks to Humans, Vol 71 Part 3. IARC Press, Lyon.
3763	Isselbacher KJ, et al (Eds) (1994). Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 13th Ed, p1851. New York: MacGraw Hill Inc.
91442	Jalilian H, Ziae M, Weiderpass E, et al (2019). Cancer incidence and mortality among firefighters. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , [Epub ahead of print].
92163	Jayaprakash V, Rigual NR, Moysich KB, et al (2006). Chemoprevention of head and neck cancer with aspirin: A case-control study. <i>Arch Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 132: 1231-6.
92164	Ji X, Zhang W, Xie C, et al (2011). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma risk by histologic type in central China: impact of smoking, alcohol and family history. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 129(3): 724-32.
92165	Jia WH, Qin HD (2012). Non-viral environmental risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A systematic review. <i>Semin Cancer Biol</i> , 22(2): 117-26.
92166	Jin J, Ouyang Z, Wang Z (2014). Association of fruit and vegetables with the risk of nasopharyngeal cancer: Evidence from a meta-analysis. <i>Sci Rep</i> , 4: 5229.
58340	Joensuu H (2008). Systemic chemotherapy for cancer: from weapon to treatment. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 9: 304.

3764	Jones JF, et al (1988). T-Cell Lymphomas Containing Epstein-Barr Viral DNA in Patients with Chronic Epstein-Barr Virus Infections. NEJM, 318(12): 733-41.
92050	Kadan-Lottick NS, Dinu I, Wasilewski-Masker K, et al (2008). Osteonecrosis in adult survivors of childhood cancer: a report from the childhood cancer survivor study. J Clin Oncol, 26(18): 3038-45.
92167	Kamran SC, Riaz N, Lee N (2015). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Surg Oncol Clin N Am, 24(3): 547-61.
50306	Kang D, Davis LK, Hunt P, et al (2008). Cancer incidence among male Massachusetts firefighters, 1987-2003. Am J Ind Med, 51(5): 329-35.
92168	Kano M, Kondo S, Wakisaka N, et al (2017). The influence of human papillomavirus on nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Japan. Auris Nasus Larynx, 44: 327-32.
92169	Khelifi R, Olmedo P, Gil F, et al (2014). Risk of laryngeal and nasopharyngeal cancer associated with arsenic and cadmium in the Tunisian population. Environ Sci Pollut Res, 21: 2032-42.
7467	Kieff E (1995). Epstein-Barr Virus - Increasing evidence of a link to carcinoma. NEJM, 333(11): 724-6.
1993	Kinlen LJ, Sheil AG, Peto J, et al (1979). Collaborative United Kingdom-Australasian study of cancer in patients treated with immunosuppressive drugs. BMJ, 2(6203): 1461-6.
3765	Kissane JM (Ed) (1990). Anderson's Pathology, 9th Ed, Vol 2: 1083-1084, 1089-1091. St. Louis: The C.V. Mosby Co.
11474	Kogevinas M, Becher H, Benn T, et al (1997). Cancer mortality in workers exposed to phenoxy herbicides, chlorophenols, and dioxins. American Journal of Epidemiology, 145(12): 1061-75.
16736	Kogevinas M, Becher H, Benn T, et al (1997). Cancer mortality in workers exposed to phenoxy herbicides, chlorophenols, and dioxins. An expanded and updated international cohort study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 145: 1061-75.
89715	Kullberg C, Andersson T, Gustavsson P, et al (2018). Cancer incidence in Stockholm firefighters 1958-2012: an updated cohort study. Int Arch Occup Environ Health, 91(3): 285-91.
49010	Kumar V, Abbas AK, Fausto N (2005). Robins and Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease, 7th Edition, Elsevier Saunders, Philadelphia.
81700	Kushi LH, Doyle C, McCullough M, et al (2012). American Cancer Society Guidelines on nutrition and physical activity for cancer prevention: reducing the risk of cancer with healthy food choices and physical activity. CA Cancer J Clin, 62(1): 30-67.
51926	Lampi P, Tuomisto J, Hakulinen T, et al (2008). Follow-up study of cancer incidence after chlorophenol exposure in a community in southern Finland. Scand J Work Environ Health, 34(3): 230-3.
7468	Landrigan PJ (1992). Formaldehyde. Environmental and Occupational Medicine, 867-871. Little Brown & Co., Boston.
7469	Lane M, Donovan DT (1993). Neoplasms of the head and neck. Medical Oncology: Basic Principles and Clinical Management of Cancer, 566-9. McGraw Hill, New York.
92180	Lau HY, Leung CM, Chan YH, et al (2013). Secular trends of salted fish consumption and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a multi-jurisdiction ecological study in 8 regions from 3 continents. BMC Cancer, 13: 298.
3767	Lee JH, et al (1994). Prevalence of EBV RNA in Sinonasal and Waldeyer's Ring Lymphomas. Journal of Korean Medical Science, 9(4): 281-8.
57789	Lee YC, Boffetta P, Sturgis EM, et al (2008). Involuntary smoking and head and neck cancer risk: pooled analysis in the International Head and Neck Cancer Epidemiology Consortium. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev, 17(8): 1974-81.

3766	Lee YS, Chong SM (1990). Pathology of the 5 Most Common Cancers in Singapore. <i>Annals of the Academy of Medicine, Singapore</i> , 19(2): 186-200.
50628	LeMasters GK, Genaidy AM, Succop P, et al (2006). Cancer risk among firefighters: a review and meta-analysis of 32 studies. <i>JOEM</i> , 48(11): 1189-202.
20131	Levine R, Zhu K, Gu Y, et al (1998). Self-reported infectious mononucleosis and 6 cancers: a population based, case-control study. <i>Scand J Infect Dis</i> , 30: 211-14.
92181	Li F, Duan F, Zhao X, et al (2016). Red meat and processed meat consumption and nasopharyngeal carcinoma risk: A dose-response meta-analysis of observational studies. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> , 68(6): 1034-43.
92182	Li G, Gao J, Liu ZG, et al (2014). Influence of pretreatment ideal body weight percentile and albumin on prognosis of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: Long-term outcomes of 512 patients from a single institution. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 36(5): 660-6.
57824	Li W, Ray RM, Gao DL, et al (2006). Occupational risk factors for nasopharyngeal cancer among female textile workers in Shanghai, China. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 63: 39-44.
92140	Li W, Shen LJ, Chen LJ, et al (2016). Overweight/obese status associates with favorable outcome in patients with metastatic nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a 10-year retrospective study. <i>Chin J Cancer</i> , 35: 75.
58341	Liaw KM, Chen CJ (1998). Mortality attributable to cigarette smoking in Taiwan: a 12-year follow-up study. <i>Tobacco Control</i> , 7: 141-8.
92141	Lin CH, Shen YA, Hung PH, et al (2012). Epigallocatechin gallate, polyphenol present in green tea, inhibits stem-like characteristics and epithelial-mesenchymal transition in nasopharyngeal cancer cell lines. <i>BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine</i> , 12: 201.
92142	Lin GW, Wang LX, Ji M, et al (2013). The use of MR imaging to detect residual versus recurrent nasopharyngeal carcinoma following treatment with radiation therapy. <i>Eur J Radiol</i> , 82(12): 2240-6.
92143	Lin JH, Jiang CQ, Ho SY, et al (2015). Smoking and nasopharyngeal carcinoma mortality: a cohort study of 101,823 adults in Guangzhou, China. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 15: 906.
92144	Lin KT, Huang WY, Lin CC, et al (2015). Subsequent risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma among patients with allergic rhinitis: A nationwide population-based cohort study. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 37(3): 413-7.
92150	Lin TC, Yang CR, Chang FH (2007). Burning characteristics and emission products related to metallic content in incense. <i>J Hazard Mater</i> , 140(1-2): 165-72.
92145	Lin YH, Chang KP, Lin YS, et al (2015). Evaluation of effect of body mass index and weight loss on survival of patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma treated with intensity-modulated radiation therapy. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 10: 136.
92148	Lin Z, Khong B, Kwok S, et al (2014). Human papillomavirus 16 detected in nasopharyngeal carcinomas in white Americans but not in endemic southern Chinese patients. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 36(5): 709-14.
24261	Liu YH, Du CL, Lin CT, et al (2002). Increased morbidity from nasopharyngeal carcinoma and chronic pharyngitis or sinusitis among workers at a newspaper printing company. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 59: 18-22.
92152	Liu YT, Fan YY, Xu CH, et al (2013). Habitual consumption of soy products and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Chinese adults: A case control study. <i>PLoS One</i> , 8(10): e77822.

92160	Liu Z, Chang ET, Liu Q, et al (2016). Oral hygiene and risk of sanopharyngeal carcinoma - A population-based case-control study in China. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 25(8): 1201-7.
92161	Lo YL, Pan WH, Hsu WL, et al (2016). Partial least square discriminant analysis discovered a dietary pattern inversely associated with nasopharyngeal carcinoma risk. <i>PLoS One</i> , 11(6): e0155892.
92162	Long M, Fu Z, Li P, et al (2017). Cigarette smoking and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a meta-analysis of epidemiological studies. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 7(10): e016582.
69963	Loomis D, Grosse Y, Lauby-Secretan B, et al (2013). The carcinogenicity of outdoor air pollution. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 14: 1262-3.
58982	Lopez-Lizarraga E, Sanchez-Corona J, Montoya-Fuentes H, et al (2000). Human papillomavirus in tonsillar and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: Isolation of HPV subtype 31. <i>Ear Nose Throat J</i> , 79(12): 942, 4.
92126	Lou LL, Zhang Y, Huang X, et al (2019). Solitary nasopharynx metastasis from hepatocellular carcinoma after liver transplantation: A case report. <i>Medicine</i> , 98(7): e14368.
92127	Loureembam DS, Singh AR, Sharma TD, et al (2015). Evaluation of risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in a high-risk area of India, the northeastern region. <i>Asian Pac J Cancer Prev</i> , 16(12): 4927-35.
3776	Lucas LJ (1994). [Comment] More on misclassification of Nasopharyngeal cancer. <i>JNCI</i> , 86(24): 1879.
3775	Lucas LJ (1994). [Comment] Misclassification of Nasopharyngeal cancer. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 86(20): 1556-8.
72349	Ma F, Lee DJ, Fleming LE, et al (1998). Race-specific cancer mortality in US firefighters: 1984-1993. <i>J Occup Environ Med</i> , 40(12): 1134-8.
6959	MacFarlane GJ, Evstifeeva TV, Scully C, et al (1993). The descriptive epidemiology of pharyngeal cancer in Scotland. <i>Eur J Epidemiol</i> , 9(6): 587-90.
92128	Mahale P, Sturgis EM, Twardy DJ, et al (2016). Association between hepatitis C virus and head and neck cancers. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> , 108(8): djw035.
92129	Mai ZM, Lo CM, Xu J, et al (2015). Milk consumption in relation to incidence of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in 48 countries/regions. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 15: 994.
3782	Malker HS, McLaughlin JK, Weiner JA, et al (1990). Occupational risk factors for nasopharyngeal cancer in Sweden. <i>British Journal of Industrial Medicine</i> , 47: 213-4.
6069	Manning KP, Skegg DC, Stell PM, et al (1981). Cancer of the larynx and other occupational hazards of mustard gas workers. <i>Clin Otolaryngol</i> , 6: 165-170.
57823	Marsh GM, Stone RA, Esmen NA, et al (1996). Mortality among chemical workers in a factory where formaldehyde was used. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 53: 613-27.
57822	Marsh GM, Youk AO (2005). Reevaluation of mortality risks from nasopharyngeal cancer in the formaldehyde cohort study of the National Cancer Institute. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> , 42: 275-83.
57821	Marsh GM, Youk AO, Buchanich JM, et al (2007). Work in the metal industry and nasopharyngeal cancer mortality among formaldehyde-exposed workers. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> , 48: 308-19.
57820	Marsh GM, Youk AO, Morfeld P (2007). Mis-specified and non-robust mortality risk models for nasopharyngeal cancer in the National Cancer Institute formaldehyde worker cohort study. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> , 47: 59-67.
6859	Martel-Renoir D, Grunewald V, Touitou R, et al (1995). Qualitative analysis of the expression of Epstein-Barr virus lytic genes in nasopharyngeal carcinoma biopsies. <i>J General Virology</i> , 76: 1401-8.

58831	Mbulaiteye SM, Katabira ET, Wabinga H, et al (2006). Spectrum of cancers among HIV-infected persons in Africa: The Uganda AIDS-Cancer Registry March Study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 118: 985-90.
56055	McBride DI, Collins JJ, Humphry NF, et al (2009). Mortality in workers exposed to 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin at a trichlorophenol plant in New Zealand. <i>JOEM</i> , 51(9): 1049-56.
57792	McGregor D, Bolt H, Cogliano V, et al (2006). Formaldehyde and glutaraldehyde and nasal cytotoxicity: case study within the context of the 2006 IPCS human framework for the analysis of a cancer mode of action for humans. <i>Crit Rev Toxicol</i> , 36: 821-35.
57808	Mebazaa A, Boussen H, Nouria R, et al (2003). Dermatomyositis and malignancy in Tunisia: a multicenter national retrospective study of 20 cases. <i>J Am Acad Dermatol</i> , 48: 530-4.
6735	Melbye M, Cote TR, West D, et al (1996). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma: an EBV-associated tumour not significantly influenced by HIV-induced immunosuppression. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 73: 995-7.
33890	Milan T, Pukkala E, Verkasalo PK, et al (2000). Subsequent primary cancers after basal-cell carcinoma: a nationwide study in Finland from 1953 to 1995. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 87: 283-8.
57804	Mirabelli MC, Hoppin JA, Tolbert PE, et al (2000). Occupational exposure to chlorophenol and the risk of nasal and nasopharyngeal cancers among U.S. men aged 30 to 60. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> , 37: 532-41.
6737	Mirvish SS (1995). Role of N-nitroso compounds (NOC) and N-nitrosation in etiology of gastric, esophageal, nasopharyngeal and bladder cancer and contribution to cancer of known exposures to NOC. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 93: 17-48.
53553	Monograph Working Group (2009). A review of human carcinogens - part C: metals, arsenic, dusts, and fibres. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 10: 453-4.
92130	Moore SC, Lee IM, Weiderpass E, et al (2016). Association of leisure-time physical activity with risk of 26 types of cancer in 1.44 million adults. <i>JAMA Intern Med</i> , 176(6): 816-25.
441	Mossman BT, Gee JB (1989). Asbestos-related diseases. <i>NEJM</i> , 320(26): 1721-30.
92131	Naehler LP, Brauer M, Lipsett M, et al (2007). Woodsmoke health effects: A review. <i>Inhal Toxicol</i> , 19(1): 67-106.
92132	Nakanishi Y, Wakisaka N, Kondo S, et al (2017). Progression of understanding for the role of Epstein-Barr virus and management of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Cancer Metastasis Rev</i> , 36(3): 435-47.
3784	Nam J-M, McLaughlin JK, Blot WJ (1992). Cigarette smoking, alcohol and nasopharyngeal carcinoma. A case-control study among US whites. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> , 84: 619-22.
91038	National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (2018). <i>Veterans and Agent Orange: Update 11</i> . Washington, D.C. National Academy Press.
92133	National Academy of Sciences (2017). <i>The Health Effects of Cannabis and Cannabinoids: The Current State of Evidence and Recommendations for Research</i> , The National Academic Press, Washington DC.
92134	National Research Council of the National Academies (2018). <i>Public Health Consequences of E-Cigarettes</i> , The National Academic Press, Washington DC.
57825	Nesic V, Sipetic S, Vlajinac H, et al (2010). Risk factors for the occurrence of undifferentiated carcinoma of nasopharyngeal type: A case-control study. <i>Srp Arh Celok Lek</i> , 138(1-2): 6-10.
34559	Newnham A, Harris J, Evans HS, et al (2005). The risk of cancer in HIV-infected people in southeast England: a cohort study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 92: 194-200.

92135	Nielsen GD, Larsen ST, Wolkoff P (2013). Recent trend in risk assessment of formaldehyde exposures from indoor air. <i>Arch Toxicol</i> , 87(1): 73-98.
4685	Nishimoto Y, Yamakido M, Shigenobu T et al (1983). Long term observation of poison gas workers with special reference to respiratory cancers. <i>J UOEH</i> , 5(Suppl): 89-94.
7165	Nokso-Koivisto P, Pukkala E (1994). Past exposure to asbestos and combustion products and incidence of cancer among Finnish locomotive drivers. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 151: 330-4.
92136	OuUang PY, Su Z, Tang J, et al (2014). Diabetes, prediabetes and the survival of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A study of 5,860 patients. <i>PLoS One</i> , 9(10): e111073.
92137	Ozasa K, Cullings HM, Ohishi W, et al (2019). Epidemiological studies of atomic bomb radiation at the Radiation Effects Research Foundation. <i>Int J Radiat Bio</i> , 1-3.
7470	Partanen T (1993). Formaldehyde exposure and respiratory cancer - a meta-analysis of the epidemiologic evidence. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health</i> , 19: 8-15.
7471	Pathmanathan R, et al (1995). Clonal proliferations of cells infected with Epstein-Barr virus in preinvasive lesions related to nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>NEJM</i> , 333(11): 693-8.
6734	Pathmanathan R, Prasad U, Chandrika G, et al (1995). Undifferentiated, nonkeratinizing, and squamous cell carcinoma of the nasopharynx: Variants of Epstein-Barr virus-infected neoplasia. <i>Am J Pathol</i> , 146(6): 1355-67.
92138	Paul P, Deka H, Malakar AK, et al (2018). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma: understanding its molecular biology at a fine scale. <i>Eur J Cancer Prev</i> , 27(1): 33-41.
92139	Paulino AC (2016). Nasopharyngeal cancer. Retrieved 24 January 2019, from https://emedicine.medscape.com/article/988165-overview
57795	Pelucchi C, Gallus S, Garavello W, et al (2008). Alcohol and tobacco use, and cancer risk for upper aerodigestive tract and liver. <i>Eur J Cancer Prev</i> , 17: 340-4.
92113	Peng L, Wang X, Huo X, et al (2015). Blood cadmium burden and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a case-control study in Chinese Chaoshan population. <i>Env Sci Pollut Res</i> , 22(16): 12323-31.
7447	Penn I (1993). Tumours after renal and cardiac transplantation. <i>Hematology/Oncology Clinics of North America</i> , 7(2): 431-45.
92114	Perri F, Scarpati GD, Giuliano M, et al (2015). Epstein-Barr virus infection and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: the other side of the coin. <i>Anticancer Drugs</i> , 26(10): 1017-25.
5053	Pesatori AC, Sontag JM, Lubin JH, et al (1994). Cohort mortality and nested case-control study of lung cancer among structural pest control workers in Florida (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 5(4): 310-8.
92115	Pettersson F (2015). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a review. <i>Semin Diagn Pathol</i> , 32(1): 54-73.
92116	Pinkston JA, Wakabayashi T, Yamamoto T, et al (1981). Cancer of the head and neck in atomic bomb survivors: Hiroshima and Nagasaki, 1957-1976. <i>Cancer</i> , 48(10): 2172-8.
92117	Pira E, Romano C, Verga F, et al (2014). Mortality from lymphohematopoietic neoplasms and other causes in a cohort of laminated plastic workers exposed to formaldehyde. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 25: 1343-9.
3779	Poirier S, Ohshima H, De-The G, et al (1987). Volatile nitrosamine levels in common foods from Tunisia, South China and Greenland, high risk areas for nasopharyngeal carcinoma (NPC). <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 39: 293-6.

92120	Polesel J, Franceschi S, Talamini R, et al (2011). Tobacco smoking, alcohol drinking, and the risk of different histological types of nasopharyngeal cancer in a low-risk population. <i>Oral Oncol</i> , 47(6): 541-5.
92119	Polesel J, Negri E, Serraino D, et al (2012). Dietary intakes of carotenoids and other nutrients in the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a case-control study in Italy. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 107: 1580-3.
92118	Polesel J, Serraino D, Negri E, et al (2013). Consumption of fruit, vegetables, and other food groups and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 24: 1157-65.
58832	Powles T, Powles J, Nelson M, et al (2004). Head and neck cancer in patients with human immunodeficiency virus-1 infection: incidence, outcome and association with Epstein-Barr virus. <i>The Journal of Laryngology and Otology</i> , 118: 207-12.
92121	Prabhu SR, Wilson DF (2016). Evidence of Epstein-Barr virus association with head and neck cancers: A review. <i>J Can Dent Assoc</i> , 82: g2.
3768	Prasad U, Rampal L (1992). Descriptive Epidemiology of Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma in Peninsular Malaysia. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 3(3): 179-82.
45968	Preston DL, Ron E, Tokuoka S, et al (2007). Solid cancer incidence in atomic bomb survivors: 1958-1998. <i>Radiation Res</i> , 168: 1-64.
36148	Preston DL, Shimizu Y, Pierce DA, et al (2003). Studies of mortality of atomic bomb survivors. Report 13: Solid cancer and noncancer disease mortality: 1950-1997. <i>Radiation Research</i> , 160: 381-407.
57614	Pukkala E, Martinsen JI, Lyng E, et al (2009). Occupation and cancer - follow-up of 15 million people in five Nordic countries. <i>Acta Oncologica</i> , 48: 646-790.
59043	Punwaney R, Brandwein MS, Zhang DY, et al (1999). Human papillomavirus may be common within nasopharyngeal carcinoma of Caucasian Americans: investigation of Epstein-Barr virus and human papillomavirus in eastern and western nasopharyngeal carcinoma using ligation-dependent polymerase chain reaction. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 21: 21-9.
3780	Purchase FH, Paddle GM (1989). Does formaldehyde cause nasopharyngeal cancer in man? <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 46: 79-84.
92122	Putera I, Ramadhan MG, Anindya S, et al (2015). Relationship between salted fish consumption and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: An evidence-based case report. <i>Acta Med Indones</i> , 47(1): 72-7.
92123	Qu Y, Chen Y, Yu H, et al (2015). Survival and prognostic analysis of primary nasopharyngeal carcinoma in North China. <i>Clin Lab</i> , 61(7): 699-708.
3769	Raab-Traub N (1992). Epstein-Barr virus infection in nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Infectious Agents and Disease</i> , 1(4): 173-84.
92124	Ren JT, Oi MY, Wang XW, et al (2017). Potential factors associated with clinical stage of nasopharyngeal carcinoma at diagnosis: a case-control study. <i>Chin J Cancer</i> , 36: 71.
92125	Riley CA, Marino MJ, Hawkey N, et al (2016). Sinonasal tract inflammation as a precursor to nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 154(5): 810-6.
60292	Ronckers CM, Land CE, Verduijn PG, et al (2001). Cancer mortality after nasopharyngeal radium irradiation in the Netherlands: a cohort study. <i>J Natl Can Inst</i> , 93(13): 1021-27.
7020	Rosler JA, Woitowitz HJ, Lange HJ, et al (1994). Mortality rates in a female cohort following asbestos exposure in Germany. <i>JOM</i> , 36(5): 889-93.

3777	Roush GC, Walrath J, Stayner LT, et al (1987). Nasopharyngeal cancer, Sinonasal cancer and occupations related to Formaldehyde: A case-control study. <i>JNCI</i> , 79(6): 1221-4.
86750	Savitz DA, Styka AN, Butler DA [Eds] (2017). Assessment of the Department of Veterans' Affairs. Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry, The National Academic Press, Washington DC.
57812	Scelo G, Boffetta P, Corbx M, et al (2007). Second primary cancers in patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a pooled analysis of 13 cancer registries. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 18: 269-78.
92088	Schiff BA (2018). Nasopharyngeal cancer. Retrieved 19 August 2019, from https://www.merckmanuals.com/professional/ear,-nose,-and-throat-disorders/tumors-of-the-head-and-neck/nasopharyngeal-cancer
6814	Schneiderman MA (1993). Commentary Re: Attitudes and opinions regarding asbestos and cancer, 1934-1965. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> , 23: 509-10.
25984	Schreinemachers DM (2000). Cancer mortality in four northern wheat-producing states. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> , 108(9): 873-81.
55016	Secretan B, Straif K, Baan R, et al (2009). A review of human carcinogens - part E: tobacco, areca nut, alcohol, coal smoke, and salted fish. <i>Lancet Oncol</i> , 10: 1033-4.
6733	Selikoff IJ, Hammond EC, Seidman H (Eds) (1979). Mortality experience of insulation workers in the United States and Canada, 1943-1976. <i>Health Hazards of Asbestos Exposure</i> , 330: 91-116. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences.
19369	Serraino D, Boschini A, Carrieri P, et al (2000). Cancer risk among men with, or at risk of, HIV infection in southern Europe. <i>AIDS</i> , 14: 553-9.
57819	Shebl FM, Bhatia K, Engels EA (2010). Salivary gland and nasopharyngeal cancers in individuals with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome in United States. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 126: 2503-8.
92103	Shen GP, Xu FH, He F, et al (2012). Pretreatment lifestyle behaviors of survival predictors for patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>PLoS One</i> , 7(5): e36515.
92104	Siew SS, Martinsen JI, Kjaerheim K, et al (2017). Occupational exposure to wood dust and risk of nasal and nasopharyngeal cancer: A case-control study among men in four nordic countries-With an emphasis on nasal adenocarcinoma. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 141(12): 2430-6.
6739	Singh B, Balwally AN, Shahar AR, et al (1996). Upper aerodigestive tract squamous cell carcinoma: The Human Immunodeficiency Virus connection. <i>Arch Otolaryngol Head Neck Surg</i> , 122: 639-43.
92105	Singhi AD, Califano J, Westra WH (2012). High-risk human papillomavirus in nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Head & Neck</i> , 34(2): 213-8.
3770	Sixbey JW, et al (1984). Epstein-Barr virus replication in oropharyngeal epithelial cells. <i>NEJM</i> , 310(19): 1225-30.
92106	Slack R, Young C, Rushton L, et al (2012). Occupational cancer in Britain. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 107(Suppl 1): S49-55.
80735	Sokolnikov M, Preston S, Stram DO (2016). Mortality from solid cancers other than lung, liver, and bone in relation to external dose among plutonium and non-plutonium workers in the Mayak Worker Cohort. <i>Radiat Environ Biophys</i> : Epub ahead of print.
7472	Speizer FE (1994). Environmental lung diseases. <i>Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine</i> , 13th Edition, Chapter 219: 1176-83.
7473	Stell PM, McGill T (1973). Asbestos and cancer of head and neck. <i>The Lancet</i> , 1(7804): 678.
92107	Stott-Miller M, Chen C, Chuang SC, et al (2011). History of diabetes and risk of head and neck cancer: A pooled analysis from the international head and neck cancer epidemiology consortium. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 21(2): 294-304.

60290	Subcommittee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels, Committee on Toxicology, National Research Council (2003). Acute exposure guideline levels for selected airborne chemicals. Sulfur Mustard (Agent HD). Chapter 2, 3: 301-83. Retrieved 22 March 2011, from http://www.nap.edu/catalog/10672.html
92108	Svajdler M, Kaspirkova J, Mezencev R, et al (2016). Human papillomavirus and Epstein-Barr virus in nasopharyngeal carcinoma in a non-endemic Eastern European population. <i>Neoplasma</i> , 63(1): 107-14.
34856	't Mannetje A, McLean D, Cheng S, et al (2005). Mortality in New Zealand workers exposed to phenoxy herbicides and dioxins. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> , 63(1): 34-40.
3778	Tamburro CH, Waddell WJ (1987). [Comments] Cancers of the Nasopharynx and Oropharynx and Formaldehyde exposure. <i>JNCI</i> , 7, 9(3): 605.
60293	Tarone RE, McLaughlin JK (2005). [Comment] Mortality from solid cancers among workers in formaldehyde industries. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 161(11): 1089-90.
92109	Tatli Dogan H, Kilicarslan A, Dogan M, et al (2016). Retrospective analysis of oncogenic human papilloma virus and Epstein-Barr virus prevalence in Turkish nasopharyngeal cancer patients. <i>Path Res Pract</i> , 212(11): 1021-6.
92110	Taxy JB (2018). Pathology of head and neck neoplasms. Retrieved 24 January 2019, from https://www.uptodate.com/contents/pathology-of-head-and-neck-neoplasms/print?sectionName=Nasopharyngeal%20carcinoma&topicRef=3404&anchor=H84270758&source=see_link
92111	Tham T, Teegala S, Bardash Y, et al (2018). Is human papillomavirus and p16 expression with survival outcomes in nasopharyngeal cancer? A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Otol</i> , 39(6): 764-70.
57826	Thompson CM, Grafstrom RC (2009). Commentary: mechanistic considerations for associations between formaldehyde exposure and nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 8: 53.
92071	Tsai CW, Chang WS, Gong CL, et al (2016). Contribution of matrix metallopeptidase-1 genotypes, smoking, alcohol drinking and areca chewing to nasopharyngeal carcinoma susceptibility. <i>Anticancer Res</i> , 36: 3335-40.
92072	Tsai CW, Chang WS, Lin KC, et al (2014). Significant association of Interleukin-10 genotypes and oral cancer susceptibility in Taiwan. <i>Anticancer Res</i> , 34: 3731-8.
76824	Tsai RJ, Luckhaupt SE, Schumacher P, et al (2015). Risk of cancer among firefighters in California 1988-2007. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> , 58(7): 715-29.
92074	Tsai SW, Yip YL, Tsang CM, et al (2014). Etiological factors of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Oral Oncol</i> , 50: 330-8.
92073	Tsao SW, Tsang CM, Lo KW (2017). Epstein-Barr virus infection and nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Phil Trans R Soc B</i> , 372: 20160270.
92075	Tsou YA, Lin CC, Tai CJ, et al (2014). Chronic rhinosinusitis and the risk of nasopharyngeal cancer in a Taiwanese health study. <i>Am J Rhinol Allergy</i> , 28(4): 168-72.
92076	Turati F, Bravi F, Polesel J, et al (2017). Adherence to the Mediterranean diet and nasopharyngeal cancer. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> , 28(2): 89-95.
92077	Turkoz FP, Celenkoglu G, Dogu GG, et al (2011). Risk factors of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Turkey - an epidemiological survey of the Anatolian Society of Medical Oncology. <i>Asia Pac J Cancer Prev</i> , 12(11): 3017-21.
60297	UNSCEAR (2008). Effects of ionizing radiation. UNSCEAR 2006 Report. Scientific Annexes A & B. United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation, Volume 1. United Nations Publication.

60291	US Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, National Toxicology Program (2005). Nitrogen mustard hydrochloride. Report on Carcinogens, 11th Edition.
7009	Vaughan TL (1989). Occupation and squamous cell cancers of the pharynx and sinonasal cavity. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 16: 493-510.
7006	Vaughan TL, Davis S (1991). Wood dust exposure and squamous cell cancers of the upper respiratory tract. American Journal of Epidemiology, 133(6): 560-564.
57790	Vaughan TL, Shapiro JA, Burt RD, et al (1996). Nasopharyngeal cancer in a low-risk population: defining risk factors by histological type. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev, 5: 587-93.
60294	Vaughan TL, Stewart PA, Teschke K, et al (2000). Occupational exposure to formaldehyde and wood dust and nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Occup Environ Med, 57: 376-84.
7008	Vaughan TL, Strader C, Davis S, et al (1986). Formaldehyde and cancers of the pharynx, sinus and nasal cavity: 1. Occupational exposures. International Journal of Cancer, 38: 677-83.
60274	Vokes EE (2008). Head and neck cancer. Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine, 17th Edition, Chapter 84: 548-51.
3771	Vokes EE, et al (1993). Head and Neck Cancer. NEJM, 328(3): 184-94.
60295	Vokes EE, Liebowitz DN (1997). Nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Lancet, 350(9084): 1087.
6073	Wada S, Miyanishi M, Nishimoto Y, et al (1968). Mustard gas as a cause of respiratory. Lancet, 1(7553): 1161-3.
92079	Wang C, Lin XL, Fan YY, et al (2016). Diet quality scores and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Chinese adults: A case-control study. Nutrients, 8(3): 112.
92080	Wang YJ, Chiang TY, Hii IH, et al (2018). Outcomes of heart transplant recipients with preexisting malignancies. Transplant Proc, 50(9): 2738-41.
92047	Wang Z, Luo D, Xiao H, et al (2015). Case report: Metastases from thyroid and nasopharyngeal carcinomas in the same lymph node following chemotherapy for mantle cell lymphoma. Head Neck Pathol, 9: 123-6.
57805	Ward MH, Pan WH, Cheng YJ, et al (2000). Dietary exposure to nitrite and nitrosamines and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Taiwan. Int J Cancer, 86: 603-9.
5143	Watson AP, Griffin GD (1992). Toxicity of vesicant agents scheduled for destruction by the chemical stockpile disposal program. Environ Health Perspect, 98: 259-80.
7389	Watson AP, Jones TD, Griffin GD (1989). Sulfur Mustard as a carcinogen: Application of relative potency analysis to the chemical warfare agents H, HD, and HT. Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology, 10: 1-25.
92086	Wei B, Jia X, Ye B, et al (2012). Impacts of land use on spatial distribution of mortality rates of cancers caused by naturally occurring asbestos. J Exp Sci Environ Epidemiol, 22(5): 516-21.
92087	Wei Y, Lin N, Zuo W, et al (2015). Ethanol promotes cell migration via activation of chloride channels in nasopharyngeal carcinoma cells. Alcohol Clin Exp Res, 39(8): 1341-51.
58620	Weib A, Weib B (1975). Carcinogenesis from exposure to mustard gas in man, an important sign for therapy with alkylating agents. Deutsche Medizinische Wochenschrift, 17(100): 919-23.

58621	Weib A, Weib B (1975). Malignant tumors and leukemia: abnormally frequent cause of death in former blister gas workers. Comparative study. Kongressbericht, Nordwestdeutsche Gesellschaft fur Innere Medizine, 84: 27-8.
6738	Weiss LM, Gaffey MJ, Chen YY, et al (1992). Frequency of Epstein-Barr viral DNA in "Western" sinonasal and Waldeyer's ring Non-Hodgkin's Lymphomas. Am J Surg Pathol, 16(2): 156-62.
3781	West S, Hildesheim A, Dosemeci M (1993). Non-viral risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in the Philippines: Results from a case-control study. Int J Cancer, 55: 722-7.
60276	WHO (1993). Some naturally occurring substances: food items and constituents, heterocyclic aromatic amines and mycotoxins. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol 56. IARC Press, Lyon.
60278	WHO (1996). Printing processes and printing inks, carbon black and some nitro compounds. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 65. IARC Press, Lyon.
60277	WHO (2007). Smokeless tobacco and some tobacco-specific N-nitrosamines. IARC Monographs on the Evaluation Of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 89. IARC Press, Lyon.
91051	WHO (World Health Organization) (2018). Benzene. IARC Monographs, Vol 120. International Agency for Research on Cancer World Health Organization.
7417	Wolff MS (1995). Pesticides - how research has succeeded and failed in informing policy: DDT and the link with breast cancer. Environmental Health Perspectives, 103(S6): 87-91.
92048	Wong IC, Ng YK, Lui VW (2014). Cancers of the lung, head and neck on the rise: perspectives on the genotoxicity of air pollution. Chin J Cancer, 33(10): 476-80.
5088	Wong O, Brocker W, Davis HV, et al (1984). Mortality of workers potentially exposed to organic and inorganic brominated chemicals, DBCP, TRIS, PBB and DDT. Br J Ind Med, 41: 15-24.
92049	World Cancer Research Fund/American Institute for Cancer Research (2018). The associations between food, nutrition and physical activity and the risk of nasopharyngeal cancer. Retrieved 16 August 2019, from https://www.wcrf.org/sites/default/files/nasopharyngeal-cancer-slr.pdf
92112	World Cancer Research Fund International (2018). Diet, Nutrition, Physical Activity and Cancer: A Global Perspective. A Summary of the Third Expert Report, American Institute for Cancer.
92060	World Health Organisation (2016). The Health and Social Effects of Nonmedical Cannabis Use, WHO Geneva.
92061	Xie SH, Yu IT, Tse LA, et al (2015). Tobacco smoking, family history, and the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a case-referent study in Hong Kong Chinese. Cancer Causes Control, 26: 913-21.
92062	Xie SH, Yu IT, Tse LA, et al (2014). Domestic incense burning and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A case-control study in Hong Kong Chinese. Environ Mol Mutagen, 55: 751-6.
92063	Xu FH, Xiong D, Su YF, et al (2012). An epidemiological and molecular study of the relationship between smoking, risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma, and Epstein-Barr virus activation. JNCI, 104(18): 1396-410.
92064	Xu T, Huang Z, Deng Y, et al (2015). Clinical implications of hepatitis B viral infection in Epstein-Barr virus-associated nasopharyngeal carcinoma. J Clin Virol, 64: 64-71.
92065	Xu XR, Want BR, Zhang Y, et al (2014). Radiotherapeutic treatment of a fighter pilot with nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Aviat Space Environ Med, 85(10): 1056-60.

92066	Xue WQ, Qin HD, Ruan HL, et al (2013). Quantitative association of tobacco smoking with the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A comprehensive meta-analysis of studies conducted between 1979 and 2011. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> , 178(3): 325-38.
92067	Yang L, Li H, Wang H, et al (2016). Nasopharyngeal granulomatous mass after radiotherapy for nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>Auris Nasus Larynx</i> , 43: 330-5.
60262	Yang X, Diehl S, Pfeiffer R, et al (2005). Evaluation of risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in high-risk nasopharyngeal carcinoma families in Taiwan. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 14(4): 900-5.
92068	Ye YF, Xiang YQ, Fang F, et al (2015). Hepatitis B virus infection and risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Southern China. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> , 24(11): 1766-73.
6854	Yeung WM, Zong YS, Chiu CT, et al (1993). Epstein-Barr virus carriage by nasopharyngeal carcinoma in situ. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 53: 746-50.
17898	Yin SN, Hayes RB, Linet MS, et al (1996). An expanded cohort study of cancer among benzene-exposed workers in China. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> , 104 (Suppl 6): 1339-41.
92069	Yong SK, Ha TC, Yeo MC, et al (2017). Associations of lifestyle and diet with the risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Singapore: a case-control study. <i>Chin J Cancer</i> , 36: 3.
3773	Young LS, et al (1986). Epstein-Barr Virus Receptors on Human Pharyngeal Epithelia. <i>Lancet</i> , Feb 1: 240-2.
57809	Young LS, Rickinson AB (2004). Epstein-Barr virus: 40 years on. <i>Nat Rev Cancer</i> , 4: 757-68.
58981	Yu IT, Chiu YI, Wong T, et al (2004). Deaths from nasopharyngeal cancer among waiters and waitresses in Chinese restaurants. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health</i> , 77: 499-504.
60288	Yu M, No CC, Chong WX, et al (1988). Preserved foods and nasopharyngeal carcinoma: a case-control study in Guangxi, China. <i>Cancer Res</i> , 48: 1954-59.
3774	Yu MC (1990). Diet and Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma. <i>FEMS Microbiol Immunol</i> , 64: 235-40.
6853	Yu MC, Garabrant DH, Huang TB, et al (1990). Occupational and other ono-dietary risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Guangzhou, China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 45: 1033-9.
92070	Yu MC, Garabrant DH, Huan TB, et al (1990). Occupational and other non-dietary risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Guangzhou, China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 45: 1033-9.
57803	Yuan JM, Wang XL, Xiang YB, et al (2000). Preserved foods in relation to risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Shanghai, China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 85: 358-63.
57802	Yuan JM, Wang XL, Xiang YB, et al (2000). Non-dietary risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Shanghai, China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> , 85: 364-9.
92041	Zeng FF, Liu YT, Lin XL, et al (2016). Folate, vitamin B6, vitamin B12 and methionine intakes and risk for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Chinese adults: a matched case-control study. <i>Br J Nutr</i> , 115(1): 121-8.
92042	Zeng FF, Xu CH, Liu YT, et al (2014). Choline and betaine intakes are associated with reduced risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in adults: a case-control study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> , 110(3): 808-16.
92043	Zeng QI, Shen LJ, Guo X, et al (2016). Critical weight loss predicts poor prognosis in nasopharyngeal carcinoma. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 16: 169.
92044	Zhang J, Shu C, Song Y, et al (2016). Epstein-Barr virus DNA level as a novel prognostic factor in nasopharyngeal carcinoma: A meta-analysis. <i>Medicine</i> , 95(40): e5130.

92045	Zhang Y, Yi JL, Huang XD, et al (2015). Inherently poor survival of elderly patients with nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Head & Neck, 37(6): 771-6.
92046	Zheng RZ, Znahg QH, He YX, et al (2013). Historical long-term exposure to pentachlorophenol causing risk of cancer - A community study. Asian Pac J Cancer Prev, 14(2): 811-6.
7022	Zheng W, Linet MS, Shu XO, et al (1993). Prior medical conditions and the risk of adult leukemia in Shanghai, People's Republic of China. Cancer Causes and Control, 4: 361-8.
7575	Zheng X, Christensson B, Drettner B (1993). Studies on etiological factors of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Acta Otolaryngol (Stockh), 113: 455-57.
57827	Zhu K, Levine RS, Brann EA, et al (1997). Cigarette smoking and nasopharyngeal cancer: an analysis of the relationship according to age at starting smoking and age at diagnosis. J Epidemiol, 7: 107-11.
57807	Zhu K, Levine RS, Brann EA, et al (2002). Case-control study evaluating the homogeneity and heterogeneity of risk factors between sinonasal and nasopharyngeal cancers. Int J Cancer, 99: 119-23.
7387	Zhu K, Levine RS, Brann EA, et al (1995). A population-based case-control study of the relationship between cigarette smoking and nasopharyngeal cancer (United States). Cancer Causes and Control, 6: 507-512.
31147	Znaor A, Brennan P, Gajalakshmi V, et al (2003). Independent and combined effects of tobacco smoking, chewing and alcohol drinking on the risk of oral, pharyngeal and esophageal cancers in Indian men. International Journal of Cancer, 105: 681-6.
60261	Zou J, Sun Q, Akiba S, et al (2000). A case-control study of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in the high background radiation areas of Yangjiang, China. J Radiat Res, 41(Suppl): 53-62.