Statement of Principles

PINGUECULA

No. 78 of 2007

for the purposes of the

Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004

Title

1. This Instrument may be cited as Statement of Principles concerning pinguecula No. 78 of 2007.

Determination

- 2. The Repatriation Medical Authority under subsection **196B(3)** and **(8)** of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (the VEA):
 - (a) revokes Instrument No. 252 of 1995 concerning pinguecula; and
 - (b) determines in its place this Statement of Principles.

Kind of injury, disease or death

- **3.** (a) This Statement of Principles is about **pinguecula** and **death from pinguecula**.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Statement of Principles, "**pinguecula**" means a small, raised benign conjunctival nodule arising near the temporal or nasal limbus (corneal-scleral junction) of the eye. This definition excludes pterygium.

Basis for determining the factors

4. On the sound medical-scientific evidence available, the Repatriation Medical Authority is of the view that it is more probable than not that

pinguecula and **death from pinguecula** can be related to relevant service rendered by veterans or members of the Forces under the VEA, or members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (the MRCA).

Factors that must be related to service

5. Subject to clause 7, at least one of the factors set out in clause 6 must be related to the relevant service rendered by the person.

Factors

- 6. The factor that must exist before it can be said that, on the balance of probabilities, **pinguecula** or **death from pinguecula** is connected with the circumstances of a person's relevant service is:
 - (a) having a solar UV exposure factor ratio of at least 1.2 for the face at the time of the clinical onset of pinguecula; or
 - (b) having sunlight exposure to the unprotected eye for at least 4500 hours while in a tropical area, or having equivalent sunlight exposure in other latitude zones, before the clinical onset of pinguecula; or
 - (c) inability to obtain appropriate clinical management for pinguecula.

Factors that apply only to material contribution or aggravation

7. Paragraph **6**(c) applies only to material contribution to, or aggravation of, pinguecula where the person's pinguecula was suffered or contracted before or during (but not arising out of) the person's relevant service.

Inclusion of Statements of Principles

8. In this Statement of Principles if a relevant factor applies and that factor includes an injury or disease in respect of which there is a Statement of Principles then the factors in that last mentioned Statement of Principles apply in accordance with the terms of that Statement of Principles as in force from time to time.

Other definitions

9. For the purposes of this Statement of Principles:

"a tropical area" means any area between the Tropic of Capricorn (23° 27' South) and the Tropic of Cancer (23° 27' North);

"death from pinguecula" in relation to a person includes death from a terminal event or condition that was contributed to by the person's pinguecula;

"equivalent sunlight exposure in other latitude zones" means the cumulative hours of sunlight exposure equivalent to that specified for a tropical area, calculated by multiplying the hours of exposure in each latitude zone by the latitude weighting factor for the zone as per the latitude weighting factor schedule and adding together the result for each zone:

Latitude weighting factor schedule

Latitude zone	Latitude weighting factor
a latitude between 23° 27' South and 23° 27' North	n 1.0
a latitude from $> 23^{\circ} 27'$ to 35°	0.75
a latitude from $> 35^{\circ}$ to 45°	0.5
a latitude from $> 45^{\circ}$ to 65°	0.25;

"relevant service" means:

- (a) eligible war service (other than operational service) under the VEA; or
- (b) defence service (other than hazardous service) under the VEA; or
- (c) peacetime service under the MRCA;

"solar UV exposure factor ratio" means the value obtained by applying the solar UV exposure factor ratio formula;

"solar UV exposure factor ratio formula" means:

total lifetime UV exposure factor

non-service UV exposure factor

where:

"total lifetime UV exposure factor" means the numerical value calculated by the formula:

[MED cum (a,T)]
$$\beta^{-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T} PAE(n,M,a) \text{ at age } (T-t) \cdot t^{\alpha-\beta}$$

for the person's lifetime to the time of the clinical onset of pinguecula; and

"non-service UV exposure factor" means the numerical value calculated by the formula:

[MED cum (a,T)]
$$\beta^{-1} \sum_{t=0}^{T} PAE(n,M,a) \text{ at age } (T-t) \cdot t^{\alpha-\beta}$$

for the person's lifetime to the time of the clinical onset of pinguecula, with the PAE for each month of the person's period or periods of relevant service being the arithmetic mean of the PAE for each and every month of the person's life, other than the period or periods of relevant service, where:

- " α " has the value of five and is a numerical constant associated with the age dependence of the cumulative incidence;
- " β " has the value of two and is a biological amplification factor;
- "a" is an anatomical body site;

"M" is a specified month of the year;

- "**MED**" means minimal erythemal dose, where one MED is equal to 200 Joules of radiation per square metre of skin;
- "[MED cum (a,T)]" is the cumulative solar UV dose to the skin for any given anatomical body site for the person's age at the time of the clinical onset of pinguecula;
- **"n"** has the value specified in column 2 of Table 1 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for each of the specified life activities set out in column 1:

column 1	column 2
Service workday (n_1)	1
Service weekend (n_2)	2
Service recreation period one (n_3)	3
Service recreation period two (n_4)	4
Civilian workday (n_5)	5
Civilian weekend (n_6)	6
Civilian recreation period one (n ₇)	7
Civilian recreation period two (n_8)	8

Table 1—specified life activities

"PAE" means personal ambient exposure in MEDs, calculated for each and every month of a person's life to the time of the clinical onset of pinguecula based on an estimate of a typical month during each of the five year periods between the ages of 0 and 20 years and each of the ten year periods thereafter; "PAE (n,M,a)" means the number calculated by the formula:

 n_8

$$\sum_{n_1} \text{MAE}(M,L_n) \cdot \text{ABF}_a \cdot \text{EF}_n \cdot \text{TRF}_n \cdot \text{ESF}_n \cdot \text{CPF}_n \cdot \text{ERF}_n \cdot W_n$$

where:

"ABF_a"

is the anatomical body factor, and has the value specified in column 2 of Table 2 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for each of the various body sites set out in column 1:

Table 2—body sites

column 1	column 2
Face	0.15
Hand	0.25
Leg	0.25
Leg Arm	0.40
Back	0.50

"CPF_n" is the clothing protection factor, and has the value assigned to a particular anatomical site proportionately according to the amount of protection provided by clothing and sun screen, ranging from a value of 1.00 for no protection to a value of 0.05 for full cover with heavy clothing for a given specified life activity in column 1 of Table 1;

"EFn" is the exposure factor, and has the value specified in column 2 of Table 3 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for different exposure situations set out in column 1:

Table 3—exposure situations

column 1	column 2
Indoor	0.10
Mainly indoor	0.20
Indoor and outdoor	0.35
Mainly outdoor	0.50
Outdoor	0.60

"**ERFn**" is the environment reflectance factor, and has the value specified in column 2 of Table 4 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for the different environment types set out in column 1:

Table 4—environment types

column 1	column 2
Urban	0.95
Rural	1.00
Maritime	1.00

where:

"ESF_n"

''Urban''	means a location that is either a city or a town;
''Rural''	means a location that is bushland, pastoral, or agricultural setting;
''Maritime''	means either on the sea, lake, major river, or directly adjacent to such a body of water;

is the environment shade factor, and has the value specified in column 2 of Table 5 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for the different environment shade types set out in column 1:

Table 5—environment shade types

column 1	column 2
Dense shade	0.50
Moderate shade	0.70
Light shade	0.90
No shade	1.00

where:

"Dense shade"	means a location that is predominantly under dense shade, such as jungle or dense forest;				
"Moderate shade"	means a location that is predominantly under moderate shade, such as open forest or high density housing;				
''Light shade''	means a location that is predominantly under light shade, such as lightly timbered country or low density housing;				
''No shade''	means a location that is predominantly without shade, such as open fields, tundra, beach, or ocean;				

- "MAE(M,L_n)" is the average daily ambient exposure for month, M, in location, L, assuming a long term average cloud cover, being the value, obtained from the Table set out in Schedule 1, that is contained in the row that corresponds to the particular latitude (rounded to the nearest five degrees) and is contained in the column that corresponds to the month of the year that is the particular month under consideration, for each specified life activity;
 - "**TRF**_n" is the terrain reflectance factor, and has the value specified in column 2 of Table 6 opposite the item in column 1 of that Table for the different terrain types set out in column 1:

Table 6—terrain types

column 1	column 2
Brown	1.02
Black	1.04
Green	1.05
Open water	1.08
Sand	1.16
Snow	1.40

where:

"Black"	means a terrain predominantly of black material such as asphalt;
''Brown''	means a terrain predominantly of bare soil, clay, or buildings;
''Green''	means a terrain predominantly of green vegetation;
''Open Water'	' means an environment surrounded by water;
''Sand''	means a terrain predominantly of light material such as white or yellow sand;
"Snow"	means a terrain that is predominantly covered in snow;
	e of the number of days in a month in fied life activity in column 1 of Table 1

"W_n" is an estimate of the number of days in a month in which a specified life activity in column 1 of Table 1 is performed, and where, for the purposes of this definition, every month is taken to have 30.4375 days;

"t"

is the age in months of the person for the particular specified activity;

"T" is the age in months of the person at the time of clinical onset of pinguecula;

"**terminal event**" means the proximate or ultimate cause of death and includes:

- (a) pneumonia;
- (b) respiratory failure;
- (c) cardiac arrest;
- (d) circulatory failure; or
- (e) cessation of brain function;

"the unprotected eye" means an eye exposed to sunlight and not protected by UV screening devices.

Application

10. This Instrument applies to all matters to which section 120B of the VEA or section 339 of the MRCA applies.

Date of effect

11. This Instrument takes effect from 4 July 2007.

Dated this	twentieth	day of	June	2007
Repatriation	on Seal of the n Medical Aut to this instrun nce of:	•		

KEN DONALD CHAIRPERSON

Schedule 1

Latitude	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
85°N	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	1.00	1.00	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00
80°N	0.00	0.10	0.20	1.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	0.50	0.10	0.10	0.00
75°N	0.00	0.10	0.50	2.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	3.00	1.00	0.20	0.10	0.00
70°N	0.00	0.21	0.90	2.95	5.81	7.83	8.01	5.17	1.97	0.44	0.07	0.00
65°N	0.21	0.62	1.66	4.13	7.06	9.42	9.49	6.72	3.11	1.08	0.35	0.18
60°N	0.41	1.03	2.42	5.30	8.32	11.11	11.05	8.38	4.28	1.72	0.60	0.35
55°N	0.62	1.44	3.18	6.48	9.94	12.71	12.71	10.14	5.76	2.61	0.90	0.53
50°N	0.82	1.85	3.95	7.66	11.66	14.37	14.46	12.01	7.37	3.64	1.22	0.71
45°N	1.97	3.46	5.97	9.67	13.35	16.25	15.98	14.68	9.69	5.62	2.67	1.79
40°N	3.12	5.06	7.99	11.68	15.03	18.24	17.51	17.60	12.15	7.66	4.28	2.87
35°N	4.51	7.00	10.45	14.18	17.56	20.58	19.72	19.54	14.74	9.94	6.00	4.24
30°N	6.03	9.10	13.07	16.81	20.25	23.07	22.03	21.48	17.48	12.35	7.86	5.76
25°N	8.86	12.36	16.41	19.68	22.04	22.89	21.58	21.17	18.59	14.74	10.39	8.38
20°N	11.77	15.73	19.91	22.69	23.88	22.68	21.10	20.72	19.57	17.14	12.91	11.01
15°N	14.02	17.69	20.55	21.94	21.88	19.98	19.14	19.27	18.72	17.51	14.81	13.06
10°N	16.07	19.41	20.93	21.04	19.83	17.38	17.26	17.81	17.65	17.47	16.35	14.87
5°N	17.89	19.98	20.28	19.82	18.20	16.31	16.42	17.37	18.68	18.38	17.09	16.49
Equator	19.58	20.35	19.50	18.60	16.65	15.23	15.58	16.93	19.73	19.28	17.73	18.03
5°S	19.41	20.20	19.64	19.81	17.95	16.49	17.39	19.53	22.03	21.63	20.12	19.16
10°S	19.07	20.03	19.76	20.67	18.58	16.95	18.39	21.54	24.12	24.05	22.67	20.16
15°S	23.08	23.28	22.11	19.86	15.96	14.10	15.46	18.73	22.52	24.21	24.43	23.55
20°S	25.26	24.18	21.92	17.36	12.73	10.81	11.94	15.38	19.95	24.03	26.40	25.74
25°S	25.63	23.95	20.30	14.64	9.97	7.91	8.76	11.77	16.29	20.70	24.36	25.80
30°S	25.96	23.59	18.60	11.97	7.32	5.25	5.85	8.45	12.87	17.56	22.39	25.85
35°S	22.99	20.31	15.45	9.42	5.53	3.99	4.38	6.46	10.23	14.48	19.13	22.54
40°S	20.18	17.23	12.51	7.06	3.90	2.80	3.05	4.66	7.82	11.66	16.13	19.45
45°S	17.42	14.15	9.57	5.00	2.62	1.79	2.00	3.29	5.90	9.57	13.77	16.92
50°S	15.74	12.14	7.43	3.18	1.30	0.75	0.90	1.87	4.15	7.68	12.20	15.53
55°S	14.16	10.46	6.08	2.49	1.00	0.57	0.67	1.46	3.40	6.68	10.87	13.99
60°S	12.57	8.78	4.74	1.80	0.69	0.38	0.45	1.04	2.64	5.68	9.53	12.45
65°S	10.98	7.09	3.39	1.11	0.38	0.19	0.22	0.62	1.89	4.68	8.20	10.92
70°S	9.40	5.41	2.05	0.42	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.21	1.14	3.68	6.86	9.38
75°S	6.00	3.00	1.00	0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.10	1.00	2.50	4.00	5.00
80°S	3.00	1.50	0.50	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	1.50	1.50	2.00
85°S	1.00	0.50	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	1.00	1.00	2.00

Average daily MED calculated for the given month and latitude Data assumes long-term average cloud cover